

Division of Central Services Performance Contract

State Buildings &
Real Estate Programs
Project No. IH-02035
1313 Sherman Street
Denver, Colorado

May 22, 2006

COLORADO STATE CAPITOL COMPLEX

- 16 Buildings located in the Denver metro area and 1 Building in Grand Junction.
- 1.8 million square feet.
- Building age from 1890's to 1970's
- Existing HVAC Equipment dating back to the 1930's.

Pre-Performance Contract Cooling Systems

- COOLING
- 8 Downtown Buildings are on a Central Chiller Plant.
 - One 650 ton absorption chiller
 - One 650 Ton Centrifugal Chiller
 - One Remote 650 Centrifugal Chiller
 - The rest of the buildings have independent systems and several buildings either have partial cooling or window units.

Infrastructure

- Tunnel System connecting 9 buildings
 - Originally used for moving coal
 - Summer time it was part of the Capitol natural ventilation cooling system.
 - Today it is used for steam, electrical, chilled water, voice/data and electrical distribution.



Pre-Performance Contract Heating Systems

- HEATING
- 9 Downtown Buildings on the XCEL Steam Loop with one High Pressure Boiler leased to XCEL. Two 1930's boilers were abandoned in place in the 60's.
 - Two buildings have electric heat
 - The rest of the buildings have either hot water boilers or gas fired roof top units..

Pre-Performance Contract Controls

- CONTROLS
- Mixture from bridle loops to Siemens DDC controls to pneumatic controls to manual controls.

DPA/Central Services Performance Contract

- PROJECT TEAM
- Central Services Maintenance Personnel
- State Buildings and Real Estate Programs
- OEMC Consultants for M&V, Commissioning Oversight and Contract Review.
- Chevron Energy Solutions
- Colorado Department of Labor and Employment
- Judicial and Higher Education through the Judicial Heritage Complex

APPROVAL AND KEY PERSONNEL

- Upper Management Approval
- Mid Management Permission
- Maintenance Staff
 - Job Security
 - Current Maintenance Practices

AUDIT PHASE

- Allowed us to evaluate entire systems not small pieces as we had in the past
- 35 ECM's were identified
 12 ECM's were viable projects
- 5 Projects were leveraged to pay for other work.
 - Lighting
 - Water Conservation
 - DDC Controls
 - Chilled Water Improvements
 - Optimize Chiller Controls

PHASE I

•	Lighting 18 Buildings	\$820,000
•	Water Conservation 13 Buildings	\$137,229
•	Upgrade DDC Controls	\$784,470
•	Central Plant Improvements	\$696,859
•	Optimize Chiller Controls	\$659
•	Water Side Economizers (Flat Plates)	\$188,563
•	Replace Chiller, Pumps and Tower	\$617,736
•	Replace District Steam w/ Boilers	\$2,236,523
•	Add Insulation Weather Stripping	\$17,065
•	Delete Unused Water Meters	\$0
•	Energy Conservation Manager	\$95,238
•	Direct Purchase of Natural Gas	\$0

PHASE II

Rolled in from Phase I	\$1,483,411
Lighting Controls 1 Building	\$32,960
Expand DDC Controls	\$123,023
Install Water Side Economizers (Flat Plates)	\$322,432
Replace Central Plant Chiller & Add Cooling Tower	\$496,585
New Chiller Plant at 690 & 700 Kipling	\$1,825,273
Replace District Steam with Boilers (Judicial)	\$0
Replace Boiler at CDLE	\$181,280
Replace Windows at CDLE	\$262,595
Misc. projects from back up pumps to VFD's	\$773,488
Energy Star Rating and LEED-EB for three buildings	In Above

Central Plant Improvements



Pump Room Improvements



Flat Plates



Cooling Towers



Utility Budget Savings

2005 Utility Budget \$3,260,396
 Phase I Guaranteed Savings \$631,000
 Phase II Guaranteed Savings \$179,000
 Phase II Guaranteed Savings \$?---- \$2,450,396

25% Saving on Utility Budget \$810,600

Environmental Savings

Phase I 7,508,849 Phase II 2,111,152 kWH saved

Fuel Type	Acid Rain	Smog	Acid Rain	
Phases I	CO2 lb/k/wh	NOx g/k/wh	SO2 g/k/wh	
Coal Not Burned	18,021,238	30,035,396	75,088,490	
Oil Not Burned	15,017,698	14,266,813	40,547,785	
Gas Not Burned	9,761,504	157,685,829	0	
Phase II				
Coal Not Burned	5,066,765	8,444,608	21,111,520	
Oil Not Burned	4,222,304	4,011,189	11,400,221	
Gas Not Burned	2,744,498	44,334,192	0	

COLORADO LEED- EB PILOT PROGRAM

JUDICIAL/HERATIGE CENTER 1976

DPA only pays utility bills

STATE SERVICES 1957

Multi Tenant Building

HUMAN SERVICES BUILDING 1953

Single Tenant

LEED EB Implementation

- Energy Star Rating 60 or better
- Continuous Commissioning as part of Audits
- High Performance Operations
- Energy Savings Monitoring
- EPP Pilot Program
- Records Management

Performance Contract Lessons Learned

- Look at entire systems not components.
- Flexible ESCO and Budgets. GMP pricing on each ECM
- Lighting pays for other work. Leverage the ECM
- Design work is not complete at time of Audit
- Energy Star ratings give you a benchmark.
- Size of the building does not matter.
- Plan for LEED EB
- Maintenance Staff
 - History of Equipment
 - Cooperation they need to buy into the new systems for future maintenance.
 - Recommendations

LEED EB Lessons Learned

- Justification
- Start Early
- Go back and look at all systems again.
- Staff Buy-in, Education
 - Enhanced Operations and Performance
 - On-Going monitoring
- Tenant Buy-in
- Identify your Performance Period
- Green Housekeeping and Contracting obligations.
- More Lessons to be learned. We are just starting.



Colorado Department of Labor and

Employment

LEED - NC Version 2.0 Certified August 1, 2005 Project Number 1887

251 East 12th Avenue Denver, Colorado



Project requirements for LEED®

- No impact to budget, schedule, or program.
- Cost savings through energy efficiency.
- Extend the lifespan of existing building.
- Employee wellness.
- Good design, common sense.
- Quality of architects, engineers, contractors.
- Governor Owens' Greening State Government Executive Order.

LEED is a registered trademark of the U.S. Green Building Council www.usgbc.org/leed

CDLE Project Facts

- 40,000 square foot addition.
- Original construction 1956.
- Approximate cost per square foot = \$100.
- Federally funded, prevailing wage.
- 180 Unemployment Insurance employees (450 total).
- Conference, training, break rooms.
- Ground breaking December, 2003.
- Occupancy December, 2004.





State of Colorado Department of Labor and Employment

LEED® Project # 1887
LEED Version 2 Certification Level: CERTIFIED August 1, 2005

	Achieved				Possible Point	s: 6
	d 28 to 32 points Silver 33 to 28 points Gold 19 to 51 punts					
Susta	inable Sites Possible Points:	14	5	Materi	als & Resources Possible Point	S: 1
	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR		Y		And the second s	
Priseo 1	Erosion & Sedimentation Control		Υ	Prisaq	Storage & Collection of Recyclables	
Count 1	Site Selection	1		Const 11	Building Reuse, Maintain 75% of Existing Shell	
Court 2:	Urban Redevelopment	1	ш	Creat 1.5	Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Shell	
County	Brownfield Redevelopment	1	-	Crock? 1:1	Building Reuse, Maintain 100% Shell & 50% Non-Shell	
Smill # 1	Alternative Transportation, Public Transportation Access	1	1	Cross24	Construction Waste Management, Divert 50%	
10000 V.S	Alternative Transportation, Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms	1		COURSE 2.3	Construction Waste Management, Divert 75%	
County 4.5		1		Creen S. E.	Resource Reuse, Specify 5%	
CHIST A.A.	Alternative Transportation, Parking Capacity	1		Court 3.2	Resource Reuse, Specify 10%	
Company	Reduced Site Disturbance, Protect or Restore Open Space	1	1	CHEEKA	Recycled Content	
Countilla	Reduced Site Disturbance, Development Footprint	1	1	Court A.V.	Recycled Content	
Committee	Stormwater Management, Rate and Quantity	1	1	COMME	Local/Regional Materials, 20% Manufactured Locally	
Coxell h.y.	Stormwater Management, Treatment	1	1	C100816-2	Local/Regional Materials, of 20% Above, 50% Harvested Locally	
Cm00 7.1	Landscape & Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands, Non-Roof	1		Credit	Rapidly Renewable Materials	
Count / &	Landscape & Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands, Roof	1		CHORY	Certified Wood	
Countries.	Light Pollution Reduction	1	•	Decrees	Francisco III	_
Water	Efficiency Possible Points:	1050	Y	Indicion	Environmental Quality Possible Point	S:
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		_	Y	Phillips I	Minimum IAQ Performance	
Create I.I.	Water Efficient Landscaping, Reduce by 50%	1	Y	Cruming 2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	
Creent LS	Water Efficient Landscaping, No Potable Use or No Irrigation	1	1	Ciredit.)	Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) Monitoring	
C=002	Innovative Wastewater Technologies	1		Credital	Increase Ventilation Effectiveness	
CHIMS.	Water Use Reduction, 20% Reduction	1		Cress II.4	Construction IAQ Management Plan, During Construction	
CHURAY	Water Use Reduction, 30% Reduction	1	1	Country	Construction IAQ Management Plan, Before Occupancy	
,			1	Create at 8	Low-Emitting Materials, Adhesives & Sealants	
Enero	y & Atmosphere Possible Points:	157/1	1	Cruitt A.V	Low-Emitting Materials, Paints	
The state of the s	2 Table 2 Bridge 2 Bridge 2 State 1 State 2	-	1	Condit A II	Low-Emitting Materials, Carpet	
Proon 5	Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning			CHISTAA	Low-Emitting Materials, Composite Wood	
Promo 2	Minimum Energy Performance		1	Cremit	Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control	
PD 0 T	CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment			Creditt	Controllability of Systems, Perimeter	
Credit III	Optimize Energy Performance, 20% New / 10% Existing	2		Credity2	Controllability of Systems, Non-Perimeter	
Constit 150	Optimize Energy Performance, 30% New / 20% Existing	2	1	Credit 7/9	Thermal Comfort, Comply with ASHRAE 55-1992	
Credit I =	Optimize Energy Performance, 40% New / 30% Existing	2		Credit 7.2	Thermal Comfort, Permanent Monitoring System	
County) A	Optimize Energy Performance, 50% New / 40% Existing	2		Credit 8.1	Daylight & Views, Daylight 75% of Spaces	
Owen 15	Optimize Energy Performance, 60% New / 50% Existing	2	1	Crossis III.2	Daylight & Views, Views for 90% of Spaces	
Omit 24	Renewable Energy, 5%	1			A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
O=012.2	Renewable Energy, 10%	1	4	Innova	ition & Design Process Possible Point	s
Committee	Renewable Energy, 20%	1	Y	and the same of th	- Gardia Gilli	
Creatil	Additional Commissioning	1	1	DOMEST !	Innovation in Design: Green Housekeeping	
CHIE	Ozone Depletion	1	1	Crem 1.2	Innovation in Design: Exemplary Performance of MRc5.1	
Own	Measurement & Verification	1	1	Could 1/5	Innovation in Design: Exemplary Performance of MRc4.1/4.2	
camme	Green Power	1	-	cress+4	Innovation in Design	
				Crowl 2	LEED® Accredited Professional	

LEED-NC Certified

	Total Possible	Attempted	Achieved
Sustainable Sites	14	6	6
Water Efficiency	5	3	1
Energy & Atmosphere	17	6	4
Materials & Resources	13	5	5
Indoor Environmental Quality	15	10	8
Innovation & Design	4	4	4
TOTAL	69	34	28

Certified 26 to 32 points Silver 33 to 38 points Gold 39 to 51 points Platinum 52 or more

Assistance and Support for LEED Process

Technical Assistance provided by The Governor's Office of Energy Management & Conservation:

- High performance design grant
- LEED application review
- Training and testing fees for LEED AP accreditation



Lessons Learned

- Design with LEED in mind.
- Document everything.
- Requires management support, not participation.
- Champion required.
- Use the experts.
- Use LEED as part of the decision-making process.
- LEED buildings are "normal" buildings, in fact they are great buildings.
- Be willing to make trade offs.
- Assume some credit submissions will be denied.
- LEED does not have to impact budget, schedule, or program.
- LEED principles can be applied to other projects.

